



Nutrition and exercise after brain injury

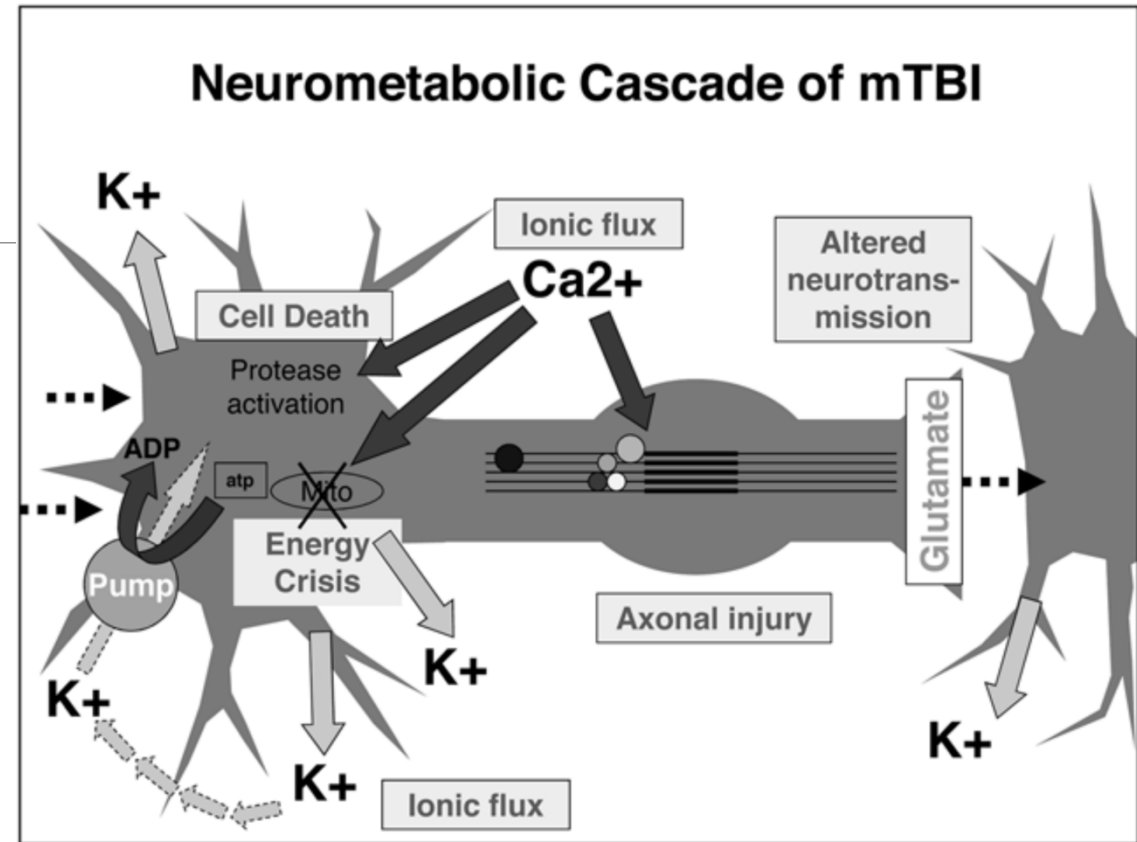
LESLEY ABRAHAM, MD

Topics for today

- Discuss nutrition for general health
- Discuss nutrition after brain injury
- Discuss the role of supplements
- Discuss exercise

Brain Injury

- Different types of brain injuries: traumatic brain injury, acquired brain injury (ex: tumor, ischemia, infection)
- Many changes in the brain afterwards



From: The New Neurometabolic Cascade of Concussion
Neurosurgery. 2014;75(suppl_4):S24-S33.
doi:10.1227/NEU.0000000000000505
Neurosurgery | Copyright © 2014 by the Congress of
Neurological Surgeons

Immediately after brain injury

- Nutrition plays a huge role
- Brain is “hypermetabolic”
- Feeding tubes, tube feeds



What about in
the long term?



Support a healing brain

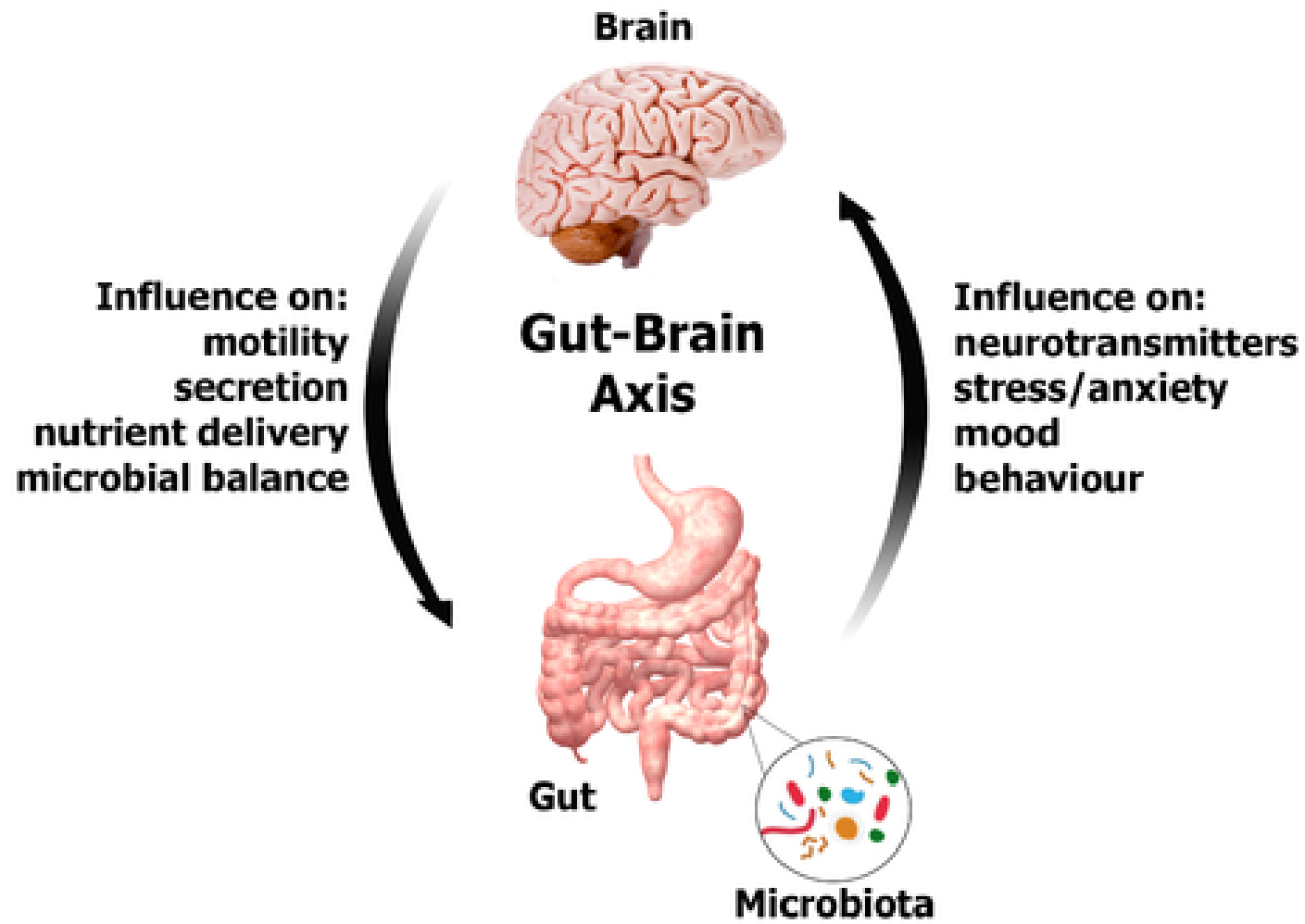
- **Nutrition**
- **Exercise**
- **Sleep**
- **Medications**
- **Counseling**

Nutrition

Benefits of proper nutrition

- Increases energy
- Boosts mood
- Improved health





Self-reflection #1

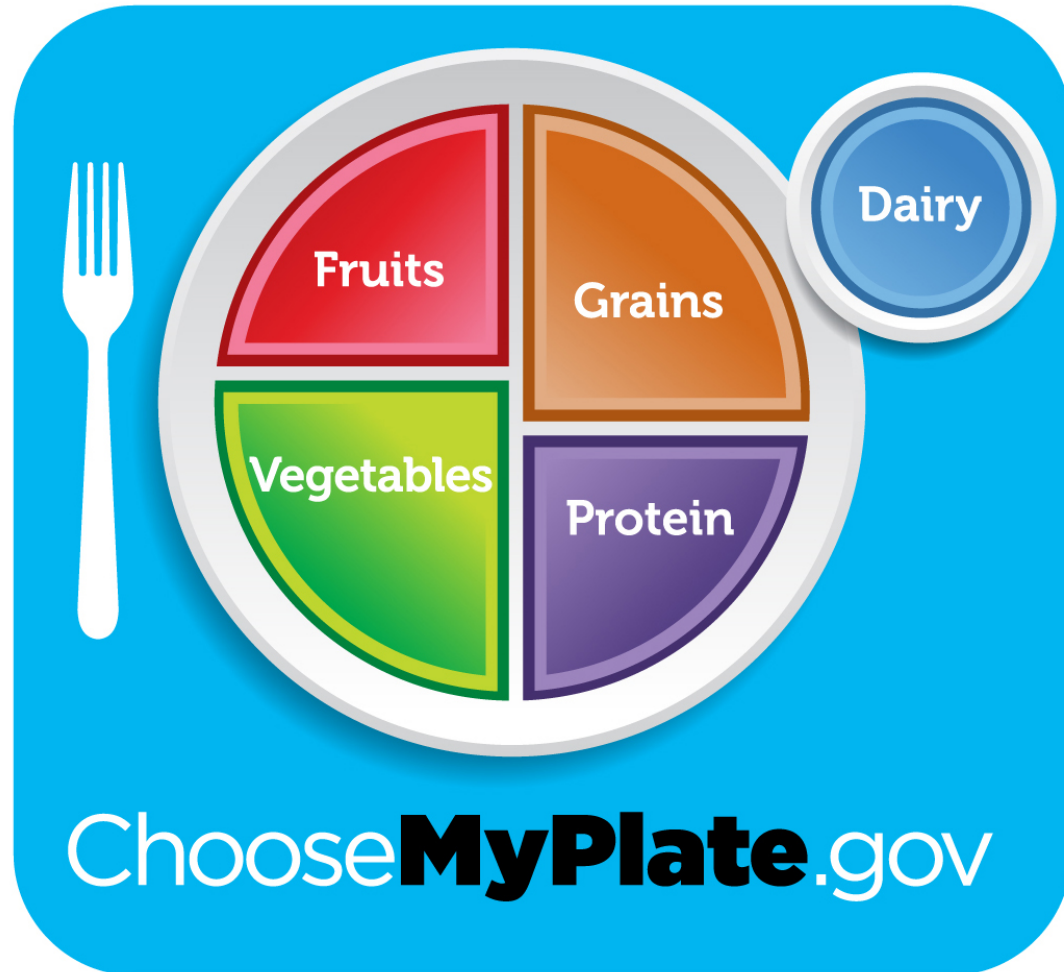
How many servings of vegetables do you eat per day?

How many servings of fruit do you eat per day?

How many sweets do you have per day?

What types of grains/carbs do you eat?

How many glasses of water do you have per day?



Food groups

- Vegetables
- Fruits
- Protein
- Dairy
- Grains



Vegetables

Most are naturally low in fat, calories, cholesterol

Good source of potassium, vitamins, fiber

Fiber

- Reduces blood cholesterol
- Bowel function
- Provides a full feeling





Fruits

- Most are naturally low in fat and calories
- Also contain potassium, fiber, vitamins
- Monitor sugar content
- Choose raw fruit over juice



Protein

- Helps maintain muscle mass and strength
- Fuller feeling
- Animal meat (lean beef, chicken, fish, turkey) – vitamin B12
- Eggs, almonds, oats, Greek yogurt, cottage cheese, lentils, chickpeas

Dairy

- Good source of calcium, vitamin D
- Choose low fat milk
- Other options for calcium - Kale, spinach, some fish, cheese
- Supplements



Grains

- **Whole grains**
 - Contain entire grain (germ, bran, endosperm)
 - High in fiber – cardiovascular health
 - Whole wheat, oatmeal, brown rice, quinoa
- **Refined grains**
 - Milled - removes part of the grain
 - Removes dietary fiber, iron, some vitamins
 - May be enriched with vitamins
 - White flour, white bread, white rice



At least ½ of the grains you eat should be whole grains

Oils

- Healthier fats = monounsaturated and polyunsaturated
- Olive oil – high in monounsaturated fatty acids (MUFA)
 - Cardioprotective, anti-oxidant



Mediterranean Diet

- NEJM: Decreased risk of major cardiovascular events
- JAMA: Associated with reduced risk of developing cognitive impairment



Mediterranean Diet Pyramid

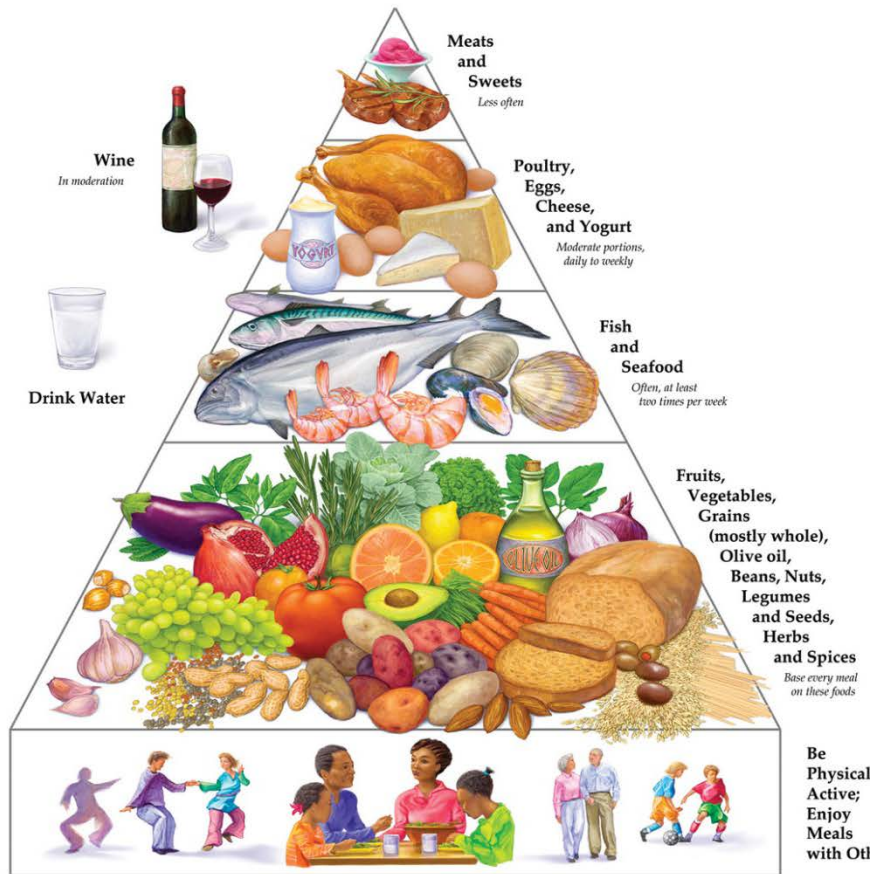


Illustration by George Middleton

© 2009 Oldways Preservation and Exchange Trust

www.oldwayspt.org

Mediterranean Diet

- Fruits and vegetables: Aim for 7-10 servings per day
- **Healthy fats: olive oil, nuts and seeds, fatty fish (mackerel, sardines, salmon)**
- Dairy: low-fat Greek or plain yogurt, cheese
- Spices: more spices, less salt
- Red meat: Substitute with fish, or eat lean meat

Water

- Plain water
- Carbonated water
- Can add lemon juice
- Herbal teas

At least eight 8 oz glasses of water per day



Questions?



What about
“brain foods?”



Polyphenols

- Organic compounds mostly found in plants
- Anti-oxidant and anti-inflammatory properties
- Support a healthy brain and cardiovascular system
- Found in berries, grapes, coffee, green tea, curcumin (turmeric), cocoa (at least 70%), nuts



Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor

- Associated with neurogenesis
- Blueberries, fish, turmeric





Omega 3 Fatty Acids

- Fish, nuts, flaxseeds
- May have a role in oxidation and inflammation
- May promote cardiovascular health and cognition

What to avoid

- Foods that are high in unhealthy fats
- Foods that are high in sugar
- Alcohol/other depressants
- Smoking

Cut down on sugar



Dietary supplements

- Dietary supplements are NOT regulated by the FDA
- It is up to the manufacturer to ensure safety of the product
- Better to eat a well-balanced diet to obtain vitamins, minerals
- Some supplements may interact with prescription medications
- Talk to your doctor before starting a supplement



Omega 3 Fatty Acids

- Anti-inflammatory properties, reduce oxidative stress
- May help with cognition
- DHA (Docosahexaenoic acid) and EPA (Eicosapentaenoic acid)

Melatonin

- Sleep modulation
- Can help restore normal sleep/wake cycle
- Start with 1mg and increase as needed

Magnesium

- May help with headaches, mood, sleep
- Start with 100-200mg in the evening
- Monitor for loose stools

B Vitamins

- May help with mood, nerve health, headache prevention
- Vitamin B2 – 400mg daily
- Vitamin B12 – 1000 mcg daily

Probiotics

- Help with gut microbiome
- Many different formulations
- Choose one with several strains of bacteria and adequate colony forming units (CFU)

Boswellia

- Frankincense from tree sap
- Natural anti-inflammatory
- Can use instead of NSAIDs

Feverfew tea

- From *Tanacetum parthenium* plant
- Natural anti-inflammatory
- May be beneficial in preventing migraines
- 1-3 cups per day

SAM-e (S-Adenosyl-L-methionine)

- Serotonin building block
- May help with mood and headaches
- SAMe 200mg daily

Questions?



How to get started

- Keep track of what you are eating
- Smartphone apps: My Fitness Pal, My Plate, Lose It!
- Mediterranean Diet cookbooks, online recipes
- Accountability
- Dietician

Nutrition goal

Write down one nutrition goal
that you want to work on this
week

Exercise

Buzzle.com

Flexibility Exercise
Stretching

Aerobic Exercise
Cycling, Swimming

Anaerobic Exercise
Weight training, Sprinting

An infographic on a dark blue background with horizontal lines separating three sections. The top section is green and shows a person stretching. The middle section is orange and shows a person on a bicycle and a person swimming. The bottom section is light blue and shows a person lifting weights and a person sprinting.

Self-reflection #2



How many minutes of exercise did you do this past week?



What type of exercise did you do?
(Flexibility/stretching, aerobic,
anaerobic)



What are your barriers to exercise?

Barriers to exercise after brain injury

- Fatigue
- Pain
- Physical changes
- Depression
- Motivation
- Seattle winters

Exercise

- Decrease headaches/chronic pain
- Increase energy
- Improve sleep
- Decrease depression
- Decrease anxiety
- Improve cognition and memory
- Improve bone health
- Increase cerebral blood flow



Physical limitations

- Dizziness, vision issues, musculoskeletal concerns, etc.
- Talk to your doctor about safe forms of exercise

American Heart Association guidelines

- 150 minutes per week of **moderate intensity** aerobic activity

OR

- 75 minutes of **vigorous intensity**

- Muscle strengthening exercise at least 2 days per week



American
Heart
Association®

Exercise intensity

- Maximum heart rate is about $220 - \text{age}$
- Target heart rate during **moderate intensity** activity: **50-70%** of maximum heart rate
- Target heart rate during **vigorous intensity** activity: **70-85%** of maximum heart rate
- Rate of perceived exertion

RPE SCALE	RATE OF PERCEIVED EXERTION
10 /	MAX EFFORT ACTIVITY Feels almost impossible to keep going. Completely out of breath, unable to talk. Cannot maintain for more than a very short time
9 /	VERY HARD ACTIVITY Very difficult to maintain exercise intensity. Can barely breathe and speak only a few words
7-8 /	VIGOROUS ACTIVITY Borderline uncomfortable. Short of breath, can speak a sentence
4-6 /	MODERATE ACTIVITY Breathing heavily, can hold a short conversation. Still somewhat comfortable, but becoming noticeably more challenging
2-3 /	LIGHT ACTIVITY Feels like you can maintain for hours. Easy to breathe and carry a conversation
1 /	VERY LIGHT ACTIVITY Hardly any exertion, but more than sleeping, watching TV, etc

Exercise intensity

Moderate intensity

- brisk walking (at least 2.5 miles per hour)
- water aerobics
- dancing (ballroom or social)
- gardening
- tennis (doubles)
- biking slower than 10 miles per hour

Exercise intensity

Vigorous intensity

- hiking uphill or with a heavy backpack
- running
- swimming laps
- aerobic dancing
- heavy yardwork like continuous digging or hoeing
- tennis (singles)
- cycling 10 miles per hour or faster
- jumping rope

Types of exercise

- Endurance
- Strength
- Flexibility
- Balance

Endurance (aerobic)

- Start slow and gradually increase
- Walking
- Running
- Swimming
- Biking
- Taking the stairs



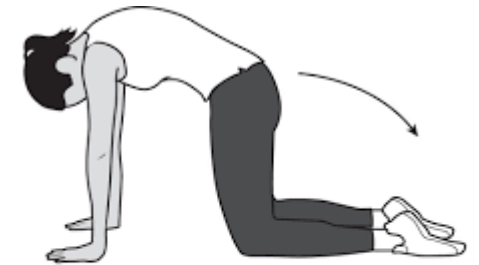
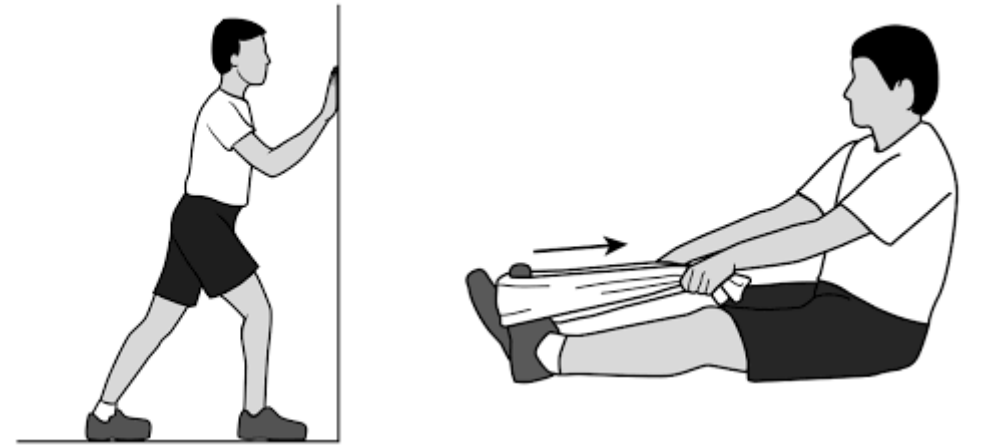
Strength (anaerobic)

- Decrease risk of injury
- Burn more calories
- Bone health
- Resistance training – with or without weights



Flexibility

- Stretching, yoga
- OrthoInfo - AAOS
- Best to stretch when warm
- Hold the stretch for 10 seconds, and gradually increase
- Repeat the stretch several times for different muscle groups
- Breathe

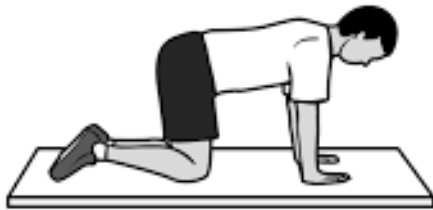




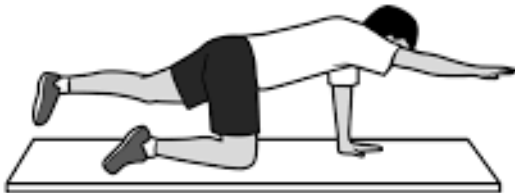
Balance/coordination

- Yoga
- Tai Chi
- Dance classes
- Stand on one foot
- Walk heel to toe

Start



Finish



Create a plan

Create a plan incorporating endurance, strength, flexibility, balance/coordination exercises

Example:

Monday – endurance, strength

Tuesday – endurance, flexibility

Wednesday – rest

Thursday – endurance, strength

Friday – endurance, flexibility

Saturday – endurance, balance

Sunday – flexibility, balance

Silver Sneakers

- Designed for all ages, levels and abilities
- Generally covered by insurance
- Access to fitness equipment, exercise classes with trained fitness professionals, pools, walking tracks, social networking, smartphone apps, online resources



Exercise goal

Write down one exercise goal that you want to work on this week

Goals

- Exercise and nutrition goals
- Discuss your goal with friends/family or your doctor, therapist, counselor...
- Keep track of your progress in a diary or smartphone app



References

Statement on Exercise: Benefits and Recommendations for Physical Activity Programs for All Americans. Gerald F. Fletcher , MD, Chair , Gary Balady , MD , Steven N. Blair , PED , James Blumenthal , PhD , Carl Caspersen , PhD , Bernard Chaitman , MD , Stephen Epstein , MD , Erika S. Sivarajan Froelicher , PhD, MPH, RN , Victor F. Froelicher , MD , Ileana L. Pina , MD , and Michael L. Pollock , PhD

Vonder Haar C, Peterson TC, Martens KM, Hoane MR. Vitamins and nutrients as primary treatments in experimental brain injury: Clinical implications for nutraceutical therapies. *Brain Res.* 2016;1640(Pt A):114–129. doi:10.1016/j.brainres.2015.12.030

Carabotti M, Scirocco A, Maselli MA, Severi C. The gut-brain axis: interactions between enteric microbiota, central and enteric nervous systems. *Ann Gastroenterol.* 2015;28(2):203–209.

Estruch, Ramon & Ros, Emilio & Salas-Salvadó, Jordi & Covas, María-Isabel & Corella, Dolores & Borau, Fernando & Gómez-Gracia, Enrique & Ruiz-Gutierrez, Valentina & Fiol, Miguel & Lapetra, José & Lamuela-Raventós, Rosa M & Serra-Majem, Lluís & Pinto, Xavier & Basora, Josep & Muñoz, Miguel & Sorlí, José & Alfredo, Martínez & Fitó, Montserrat & Gea, Alfredo & Martínez-González, Miguel. (2018). Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease with a Mediterranean Diet Supplemented with Extra-Virgin Olive Oil or Nuts. *The New England journal of medicine.* 378. 10.1056/nejmoa1800389.

Scarmeas, Nikolaos & Stern, Yaakov & Mayeux, Richard & Manly, Jennifer & Schupf, Nicole & Luchsinger, José. (2009). Mediterranean Diet and Mild Cognitive Impairment. *Archives of neurology.* 66. 216-25. 10.1001/archneurol.2008.536.

Vauzour, David. (2012). Dietary Polyphenols as Modulators of Brain Functions: Biological Actions and Molecular Mechanisms Underpinning Their Beneficial Effects. *Oxidative medicine and cellular longevity.* 2012. 914273. 10.1155/2012/914273.

Lee, L.K. & Shahar, Suzana & Chin, Ai. (2012). Docosahexaenoic acid-concentrated fish oil supplementation in subjects with mild cognitive impairment (MCI): A 12-month randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. *Psychopharmacology.* 225. 10.1007/s00213-012-2848-0.

Kurowski BG, Hugentobler J, Quatman-Yates C, et al. Aerobic Exercise for Adolescents With Prolonged Symptoms After Mild Traumatic Brain Injury: An Exploratory Randomized Clinical Trial. *J Head Trauma Rehabil.* 2017;32(2):79–89. doi:10.1097/HTR.0000000000000238

The American Heart Association, Flint Rehab, Choose My Plate

References

Photos:

https://www.123rf.com/photo_37167781_stock-vector-battery-smart-phone-cartoon-in-full-and-low-energy-action.html

Verywellfit.com

Holistic care solutions

<https://images.app.goo.gl/yP7qwc5MzhX6zHMS6>

<https://brownfieldagnews.com/healthy-living/easy-to-eat-whole-grains/>

www.royalcaribbean.com

Mayo Clinic

Dinner at the zoo

Fitness Vigil

Questions?

